2 3 5 6 7 8 9 DIVORCE COURT 10 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS 11 12 In the case of: Judgment in Marital Dissolution Case No. 1530 13 Recent converts to The LCMS from American Evangelicalism DEPT: 3 14 (hereinafter referred to as "Confessors") 15 v. 16 Those Who Yearn to Be American 17 Evangelicals But Won't Voluntarily Leave The LCMS (hereinafter 18 referred as "Facilitators"). 19 20 The court, after hearing all of the theological and 21 historical evidence marshalled by Confessors, and the sincere 22 testimonials shared by Facilitators, hereby decrees that a 23 divorce based on irreconcilable differences is granted. 24 short, the parties live in different solar systems. Division of 25 property and assets to be as follows:

1. The Book of Concord is awarded to Confessors where it will be studied. The court notes in passing that Facilitators made no objection with respect to this asset, displaying (to be

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charitable) a vague knowledge of the content or value of this work in any event. The court points out that witnesses for Facilitators testified at trial that Luther's Small Catechism had been "shoved down their throats" for years even though the content of that which supposedly was shoved could not be articulated upon cross-examination by counsel for Confessors. Thus the court finds that an award of the Book of Concord to Facilitators would constitute a "waste" as defined under Civil Code § 2929.

- 2. Facilitators to receive all right, title and interest to the 1991 Clavinova Piano (with accordion and reggae options) as requested. The court wishes to publicly admonish Confessors for their characterization at trial of said instrument as "in the Las Vegas Kit Kat Lounge style" as disruptive of the court's effort during proceedings to maintain judicial decorum.
- 3. Confessors to retain right, title and interest to The Divine Service, the pipe organ, the liturgical church calendar, and the theological section of the pastor's library.

 Facilitators raised no objection to these requests, except to specially petition the court for the award of all books on counseling, church growth and family systems ministries.

 Receiving no opposition, these works are awarded to Facilitators. Confessors also provided no opposition to the award of all Promise Keepers materials to facilitators, which this court ascertained to be developed by or for athletes. While the court is somewhat unclear as to Confessors' intentions on this point, the court does find that Confessors conceded in open court that this material and any and all materials

- 4. Confessors conceded to Facilitators (and the court notes to confessors' credit that they did so cheerfully) all right, title and interest in all variations of "youth services" and Maranatha Praise and Chorus Books. In addition, confessors conceded to facilitators all rights in any songs that: (1) have hand or body motions associated with them; or (2) result in applause after being performed. However, the court must note that Confessors are entitled to no credit for this aspect of the marital property division for the value of said items because of repeated admissions by Confessors in court that said items had depreciation value only, with said depreciation alleged by Confessors to have commenced at least twenty years ago.
- 5. Confessors are awarded the Lutheran Hymnbooks (i.e., TLH and LW). The court awards these to Confessors pursuant to the legal doctrine of "adverse possession," namely that Facilitators had abandoned an informed use of these same assets for the duration of the five year statutory period. The court notes, as an aside, that the Book of Concord and the terms "catechesis," "doctrine," or "sola(s)" could also have been awarded to Confessors on the basis of the doctrine of "adverse possession." While Facilitators vehemently maintained that they had shared certain confessional documents in small nurture groups within the last five years, the court specifically finds that works by Carl George, Tony Campolo, Youth Specialties, Max Lucado, M. Scott Peck, and Frank Perretti are (contrary to Facilitators' argument) not confessional in nature.

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- 6. With no objection from Confessors, Facilitators are awarded sole right to usage of the following terms or phrases:
- "Serendipity" and its accompanying "empty chair" a. concept;
 - "Meta, mega, or parachurch model(s)"; b.
 - "Female elders;" c.
- "Relational" and/or "Care and Share Group d. Studies" or any variation of the same;
- "Contemporary service(s)," "Youth Conventions," e. and "seeker-sensitive worship"; and
- f. "Empowering," "enabling," "ownership," and "share."
- Finally the court grants Facilitators' request for 7. custody of the computer software programs entitled "How to Create a Service in 20 Minutes on Thursday Night" and "10 New and Creative Confessions and Absolutions."
- In summation, the court notes that the principal real 8. property asset is left unadjudicated by this judgment -- namely, the church sanctuary. Facilitators appeared to take contradictory positions on this asset. First they argued that they outnumber Confessors and therefore are entitled to such an award. However, testimony also established that Facilitators' commitment is directed toward mid-week small group gatherings in homes and assuring young people that they will be "heard and understood."
- Though perhaps less in numbers, Confessors' testimony 9. evidenced a commitment to utilizing certain fixed assets of the church -- namely, the pulpit, font and alter. This court,

however, chooses to leave such a division for the future and only suggests that an equitable apportionment might be to award the pulpit, font and alter to Confessors, with Facilitators retaining what's left, including all bulletin inserts and the Youth Room. Let the Judgment issue. JUDGE OF THE DIVORCE COURT

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